

MASTER SYLLABUS 2025-2026

A. Academic Division: Liberal Arts

B. <u>Discipline</u>: Physical Science

C. <u>Course Number and Title</u>: GEOL1010 Physical Geology

D. <u>Assistant Dean</u>: Laura Irmer

E. <u>Credit Hours</u>: 4

Lecture: 3 hours Laboratory: 2 hours

F. <u>Prerequisites</u>: None

G. <u>Last Course/Curriculum Revision Date</u>: Fall 2023 Origin date: 02/22/2017

H. <u>Textbook(s) Title</u>:

Essentials of Geology (Loose leaf)

• Author: Lutgens, Tarbuck & Tasa

Copyright: 2017Edition: 13

• ISBN # 9780134663777

- I. Workbook(s) and/or Lab Manual: None
- J. <u>Course Description</u>: Physical Geology is an introductory course describing the fundamental concepts of Geology for Non-Science majors. These fundamental concepts are grouped in 7 modules. **Module I** (*Geology, Earth Science, and the Scientific Method*) is an introduction to the science of Geology and its many branches; this module also discusses the steps in the scientific method, and describes the systems approach to geology. **Module II** (*Origin and Evolution of Earth*) discusses the formation of the universe and the solar system, and introduces Earth's neighbors in the solar system. **Module III** (*Plate Tectonics and the Dynamic Earth*) discusses Earth's internal structure and introduces the theory of plate tectonics, a unifying idea that explains Earth's surface processes and features. **Module IV** (*Earth Materials: Minerals and Rocks*) discusses the materials from which Earth is made, as well as their structure and classification. **Module V** (*Structural Geology*) describes how Earth's internal and external processes interact to produce earthquakes and mountains. **Module VI** (Energy Resources) describes the energy resources that the Earth provides us and how they are produced and used. **Module VI** (*Hydrology and Stream Geomorphology*) discusses how water shapes the surface of our planet and helps create a multitude of erosional and depositional landforms. TAG# OSC025

K. <u>College-Wide Learning Outcomes</u>

College-Wide Learning Outcomes	Assessments How it is met & When it is met
Communication – Written	

College-Wide Learning Outcomes	Assessments How it is met & When it is met
Communication – Speech	
Intercultural Knowledge and Competence	
Critical Thinking	
Information Literacy	
Quantitative Literacy	

L. <u>Course Outcomes and Assessment Methods</u>:

Upon successful completion of this course, the student shall:

	Outcomes	Assessments – How it is met & When it is met
1.	Describe several of the many branches of geology and the multiple roles of geoscientists in society; explain how scientists use the scientific method; demonstrate the systems approach to geology and identify the major subsystems of the Earth system; explain how these subsystems interact through cycles (hydrologic cycle, rock cycle, tectonic cycle, and biogeochemical cycles).	Reading quiz 1 and video quiz 1; this outcome will be met early in the term (it will also be assessed on the mid-term and final exams).
2.	Recognize how our understanding of the Universe has changed over time, from ancient Greece to modern discoveries, and what ideas were proposed to determine our place in the Universe; describe the theories that explain the formation of the Universe, the Solar System, and planet Earth; identify objects of the Solar System (Sun, planets, moons, asteroids, comets, meteoroids), and the differences between terrestrial and Jovian planets.	Reading quiz 2, video quiz 2, and laboratory exercise 1; this outcome will be met early in the term (it will also be assessed on the mid-term and final exams).
3.	Describe the Earth layering process; identify the differences (in composition and physical state) between the layers of our planet (crust, mantle, and core); identify the source of Earth's magnetic field; recognize Wegener's contribution to the plate tectonics theory and describe the key evidence supporting the continental drift idea.	Reading quiz 3, video quiz 3, and laboratory exercise 2; this outcome will be met early in the term (it will also be assessed on the mid-term and final exams).
4.	Explain how paleomagnetism provided the definitive evidence for continental drift; describe the process of seafloor spreading; demonstrate how the ideas of continental drift and seafloor spreading combined to form the basis for the plate tectonics theory; identify the different types of plate movements and plate boundaries.	Reading quiz 4, video quiz 4, and laboratory exercise 3; this outcome will be met early in the term (it will also be assessed on the mid-term and final exams).
5.	Identify the defining characteristics of minerals, and explain how mineral crystals grow; describe the physical properties of minerals; identify and give examples of the different groups of minerals on Earth; recognize the different uses and sources of minerals (metallic and non-metallic) and the processes that form mineral deposits.	Reading quiz 5, video quiz 5, and laboratory exercise 4; this outcome will be met the middle of the term (it will also be assessed on the mid-term and final exams).
6.	Recognize the difference between magma and lava; describe the processes that form magma and influence its composition; describe the factors that control the character of volcanic eruptions; identify the different products of volcanic eruptions and their formation; describe the different shapes and architectural features of volcanoes; describe the different styles of volcanism and how they relate to the plate tectonics theory; identify the hazards of volcanoes and describe how scientists monitor volcanic activity.	Reading quiz 6, video quiz 6, and laboratory exercise 5; assessed on the mid-term and final exams.

	Outcomes	Assessments – How it is met
		& When it is met
7.	Explain the formation of igneous rocks and distinguish	Reading quiz 7, video quiz 7, and
	between volcanic and plutonic rock types; identify the	laboratory exercise 6; this outcome will
	different types of igneous intrusions; interpret different	be met in the middle of the term (it will
	textures characteristic of igneous rocks and explain the	also be assessed on the mid-term and
	different processes that produce them; describe the	final exams).
	different classes/types of igneous rocks.	
8.	Identify the different types and sources of sediments, and	Reading quiz 8, video quiz 8, and
	the formation of soil and sedimentary rock; explain the	laboratory exercise 7; this outcome will
	difference between weathering and erosion, and between	be met lat in the term (it will also be
	physical and chemical weathering; identify different	assessed on the final exam).
	sediment textures; demonstrate how rock composition	
	and exposure act to produce differential weathering;	
	distinguish between erosion and mass wasting; define	
	turbulent and laminar flow; identify the factors that	
	produce slope failure and sediment flow; describe and	
	give examples of mass wasting processes.	
9.	Describe the main mechanisms of sediment transport;	Reading quiz 9, video quiz 9, and
	define deposition and identify the conditions that	laboratory exercise 8; this outcome will
	commonly lead to the deposition of sediment; describe	be met late in the term (it will also be
	and give examples of different types of sedimentary	assessed on the final exam).
	rocks; describe and give examples of different types of	
	sedimentary structures and depositional environments.	
10.	Distinguish between diagenesis and metamorphism;	Reading quiz 10, video quiz 10, and
	describe the different metamorphic processes; explain the	laboratory exercise 9; this outcome will
	development of preferred mineral orientation in	be met late in the term (it will also be
	metamorphic rocks; demonstrate the difference between	assessed on the final exam).
	foliated and non-foliated metamorphic rocks and give	
	examples.	
11.	Describe the different types of faults; identify which kind	Reading quiz 11, video quiz 11, and
	of stress is associated with various types of faults; explain	laboratory exercise 10; this outcome
	how fault formation generates earthquakes; explain the	will be met late in the term (it will also
	difference between an earthquake focus and its epicenter,	be assessed on the final exam).
	and between foreshocks and aftershocks; summarize the	·
	causes and consequences of major historical earthquakes;	
	define displacement; describe how earthquake energy is	
	transmitted and the different types of seismic waves;	
	identify the types of earthquakes that are common in Ohio	
	and the most tectonically active places in the state.	
12.	Define the different types of stress; distinguish between	Reading quiz 12, video quiz 13, and
	elastic, brittle, and ductile deformation; explain how	laboratory exercise 11; this outcome
	pressure, temperature, and rock composition affect	will be met late in the term (it will also
	deformation; define craton and orogen; describe and	be assessed on the final exam).
	compute the strike and dip of geologic structures, and	ĺ
	compute the strike and dip of geologic structures, and demonstrate how these measurements are represented on a geologic map; define and describe the different types of folds; identify major mountain ranges on Earth.	

	Outcomes	Assessments – How it is met
		& When it is met
13.	Describe how our energy needs have changed overtime and the main sources of energy to our current energy system; identify the fundamental sources of energy on Earth; explain the difference between renewable and nonrenewable resources; define fossil fuels and give examples; identify the sources and formation processes of coal, petroleum, and natural gas; distinguish between conventional and unconventional oil-gas systems; explain how new technologies (horizontal drilling; hydraulic fracturing) extend the yield of oil-gas plays; describe the different forms of alternative energy (nuclear, geothermal, solar, wind, hydro) and their relative contribution to the	Reading quiz 13, video quiz 13, and laboratory exercise 12; this outcome will be met late in the term (it will also be assessed on the final exam).
14.	Describe the hydrologic cycle; explain the main pathways in the hydrologic cycle; identify the main reservoirs in the hydrologic cycle; define residence time; describe the processes that control the movement of water between reservoirs; identify the source of energy driving the movement of water in the hydrologic cycle; describe Earth's heat balance (reflection vs absorption) and how it drives the global distribution of precipitation; identify the connections between groundwater and surface water; describe the major types of drainage patterns; explain how braided, straight, and meandering channels form; define concepts such as drainage basin and watershed, discharge and flood-frequency curve; explain the formation of stream depositional and erosional features.	Reading quiz 14, video quiz 14, and laboratory exercise 13; this outcome will be met late in the term (it will also be assessed on the final exam).

M. Recommended Grading Scale:

NUMERIC	GRADE	POINTS	DEFINITION
93-100	A	4.00	Superior
90–92	A-	3.67	Superior
87–89	B+	3.33	Above Average
83–86	В	3.00	Above Average
80-82	B-	2.67	Above Average
77–79	C+	2.33	Average
73–76	C	2.00	Average
70-72	C-	1.67	Below Average
67–69	D+	1.33	Below Average
63-66	D	1.00	Below Average
60-62	D-	0.67	Poor
0059	F	0.00	Failure

N. College Procedures/Policies:

North Central State College believes that every student is a valued and equal member of the community.* Every student brings different experiences to the College, and all are important in enriching academic life and developing greater understanding and appreciation of one another. Therefore, NC State College creates an inclusive culture in which students feel comfortable sharing their experiences. Discrimination and prejudice have no place on the campus, and the College takes any complaint in this regard seriously. Students encountering aspects of the instruction that result in barriers to their sense of being included and respected should contact the instructor, assistant dean, or dean without fear of reprisal.

* Inclusive of race, color, religion, gender, gender identity or expression, national origin (ancestry), military status (past, present or future), disability, age (40 years or older), status as a parent during pregnancy and immediately after the birth of a child, status as a parent of a young child, status as a foster parent, genetic information, or sexual orientation

Important information regarding College Procedures and Policies can be found on the syllabus supplement located at

https://ncstatecollege.edu/documents/President/PoliciesProcedures/PolicyManual/Final%20PDFs/14-081b.pdf



Academic Division:	Liberal Arts	Discipline:	Physical Science	
Course Coordinator:	Dustin Bates			
Course Number:	GEOL – 1010-921	Course Title:	Physical Geology	
Semester / Session:	Fall 2025 / Session B	Start / End Da	te: 10/13/2025 thru 12/12/2025	
Instructor Informatio	on			
Name: Ashley	Haas	Credentials:	Master of Science - Geology	_
Phone Number:	419-755-4560	E-Mail Address:	ahaas@ncstatecollege.edu	
Office Location:	Virtual/Online	Office Hours:	By Appointment	

I. <u>Topical Timeline (Subject to Change)</u>:

Weeks	Topics	Assignments/Due Dates
1	Introduction to GeologyPlate Tectonics	 Introduction to Geology Concept Questions – 10/15 Plate Tectonics Concept Questions – 10/17
2	 Matter & Minerals Igneous Rocks Volcanoes & Volcanic Hazards 	 Matter & Minerals Concept Questions – 10/20 Igneous Rocks Concept Questions – 10/22 Volcanoes Concept Questions – 10/24
3	Weathering and SoilsSedimentary Rocks	 Rock Cycle Lab – 10/27 Module 1 Exam – 10/27 Weathering & Soils Concept Questions – 10/29 Sedimentary Rocks Concept Questions – 10/31
4	 Metamorphic Rocks Earthquakes Origin & Evolution of the Ocean Floor 	 Metamorphic Rocks & Earthquakes Concept Questions – 11/3 Ocean Floor Concept Questions – 11/5 Earthquakes Lab – 11/7 Module 2 Exam – 11/7
5	 Crustal Deformation & Mountain Building Mass Movement 	 Crustal Deformation & Mountain Building Concept Questions – 11/12 Mass Movement Concept Questions – 11/14
6	 Running Water Groundwater Glaciers and Glacial Landscapes 	 Running Water & Groundwater Concept Questions – 11/17 Glaciers & Glacial Landscapes Concept Questions – 11/19 Mass Wasting Lab – 11/21 Module 3 Exam – 11/21
7	 Deserts and Wind Shorelines Geologic Time & Earth's Evolution 	 Deserts & Wind Concept Questions – 12/1 Shorelines Concept Questions – 12/3 Geologic Time & Earth's Evolution Concept Questions – 12/5

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Course Number:	GEOL – 1010-921	Course Title:	Physical Geology
Semester / Session:	Fall 2025 / Session B	Start / End Date:	10/13/2025 thru 12/12/2025

Weeks	Topics	Assignments/Due Dates
8	Global Climate Change	Global Climate Change Concept
		Questions – 12/8
		● Geologic Time Lab – 12/10
		 Module 4 Exam − 12/12

II. Course Assignments:

- 1. Concept Questions (Including Virtual Field Trips)
- 2. Laboratory Exercises (Discussion Page Extra Credit Available)
- 3. Module Exams

III. Grading and Testing Guidelines:

Final Grade Calculation

Activity	Qty	Points	Percentage
Concept Questions	17	510	56 %
Laboratory Exercises	4	200	22%
Module Exams	4	200	22%
TOTAL POINTS		910	100%

IV. Examination Policy:

- 1. The reasons for which a student will be excused from taking an examination
 - a. Hospitalization (with documented verification)
 - b. Death in the immediate family (with documented verification)
 - c. Personal illness or illness in immediate family (doctor's excuse required).
- 2. A student who misses an examination for any reason is responsible for
 - a. Notifying the instructor as soon as possible
 - b. Scheduling a time to make up for the missed exam
- 3. No makeup opportunity will be given for absences of unscheduled quizzes

V. Class Attendance and Homework Make-Up Policy:

- 1. Attendance Policy:
 - a. There are no face-to-face attendance requirements in online sections. It is anticipated that students will be logging into the course frequently (many times each week). Your attendance in online sections will be marked each week as:
 - fully attended (submitting all assignments for the module on time)
 - partially attended (submitting some portion of assignments for the module on time)
 - absent (not submitting any assignments for a module on time)
 - b. Students must participate within the first week of the term in order to avoid being dropped for non- participation. This is a college-wide policy. Students must also participate in and achieve at least 67% success by the point of mid term grade reporting to again avoid being dropped from the course for non- participation (another college-wide policy).
- 2. Homework Make-Up Policy:
 - a. Students are responsible for completing and turning assignments in prior to the due dates set in Canvas
 - b. Students are responsible for contacting the instructor via email or Canvas messenger with content questions or to request extensions
 - c. Assignment extensions are given at the instructor's discretion and point deductions up to 20% may apply
 - d. Only assignments submitted within one week of the due date will be considered for late grading
 - e. There are no late assignments accepted after the last day of the term—NO EXCEPTIONS! Any assignments listed with due dates within finals week are final!

Course Number:	GEOL – 1010-921	Course Title:	Physical Geology
Semester / Session:	Fall 2025 / Session B	Start / End Date:	10/13/2025 thru 12/12/2025

VI. <u>Classroom Expectations</u>:

1. Online Delivery:

a. Although many students report that they learn more in online classes than in face-to-face classes and find the experience more rewarding, online classes are not right for everyone.

b. In order to decide if online learning is right for you, think about the following questions: Do you have self-discipline (i.e., responsibility to follow a weekly schedule)? Are you motivated to pace yourself and keep up with weekly assignments? Are you able to commit a certain amount of time every week to the course assignments (readings from the textbook and lecture slides, watching assigned videos, taking exams online)? If your answer to these questions is YES, then online learning is the right choice for you.

c. The true advantage/benefit of an online course is the FLEXIBILITY it provides to the student (you are the one in charge of determining the time and place for studying).